Pigmented Basal Cell Carcinoma with matrical differentiation: a unique, rare variant of basal cell carcinoma

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Introduction

Basal cell carcinoma (BCC) may exhibit diverse differentiation. In BCC with matrical differentiation, islands of shadow cells are located within the tumor. Shadow cells, characterized by basaloid squamous cells with a distinct well-defined border and a central unstained area as a shadow of lost nuclei, are characteristic of pilomatrixoma, a distinct neoplasm of hair matrix differentiation. The presence of shadow cells within tumor islands composed of follicular germinative cells of an otherwise classic basal cell carcinoma (BCC) has been considered as a distinct diagnostic category of BCC with matrical differentiation. A unique variant of basal cell carcinoma with matrical differentiation. This variant of basal cell carcinoma is extremely rare with less than 15 case reports being reported in literature. It is very important to differentiate BCC with matrical differentiation from other conditions where shadow cells are seen as the clinical management is different.

We report a rare case of basal cell carcinoma with matrical differentiation in a 68 year old male and review of the literature.

Case Report

A 68- year male patient presented with pigmented growth on the leg which had been present since 3 months, but started itching and oozing since a month. On clinical examination, a 2 x 1.5 cms nodular ulcerated pigmented growth with irregular margins was seen. The lesion was surgically excised with a clinical diagnosis of squamous cell carcinoma. The H&E-stained sections of the lesion revealed tumor composed of basaloid follicular germinative cells (Fig 1).

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In some areas, there was peripheral palisading and stromal retraction artifact typical of classic BCC. Mitotic figures and apoptotic bodies were present. Many of the tumor cells were heavily encrusted with melanin in the cytoplasm (Fig 2).

Elsewhere, the majority of the tumor contained a population of shadow cells having only ghost outlines of the cells without nuclei, similar to those seen in pilomatricoma, with basaloid-appearing matrical cells in the periphery (Fig 3, Fig 4). Foci of abrupt
keratinisation and calcification suggestive of follicular differentiation were seen. A diagnosis of pigmented basal cell carcinoma with matrical differentiation was made.

Fig 3,4: Photomicrograph showing islands of shadow cells, with foci of calcification surrounded by basaloid cells (H&E, 200X).

Discussion

Shadow cells, characterized by basaloid squamous cells with a distinct well-defined border and a central unstained area indicating the shadow of lost nuclei, are reminiscent of the matrical portion of the hair follicle and characteristic of pilomatrixicoma, or its rare malignant counterpart, pilomatrix carcinoma.[1] However, shadow cells are non-specific and have been reported in a variety of other conditions, including the hair shafts of alopecia areata, follicular cysts, benign adnexal tumors like trichoblastoma, trichoepithelioma, keratoacanthoma, as well as adnexal carcinomas.[2] The presence of shadow cells within tumor islands composed of...
follicular germinative cells of an otherwise classic basal cell carcinoma (BCC) has been considered as a distinct diagnostic category of BCC with matrical differentiation.[3,4]

Basal cell carcinoma with matrical differentiation is an extremely rare variant of BCC. As of 2008, a report of two new patients and review found only 12 prior cases of BCC showing matrical differentiation had been reported.[3]

The morphological and immunohistochemical features found suggest that basal cell carcinomas with matrical differentiation belong to a spectrum of lesions derived from hair follicles in which beta-catenin plays an important role in the tumor development, differentiation, and behavior.[3]

Matrical basal cell carcinoma should be differentiated histologically from other tumors, particularly a pilomatricoma and pilomatrix carcinoma.[5] This distinction can be challenging but is critical as pilomatrix carcinoma can metastasize and cause considerable morbidity and mortality while BCC with matrical differentiation behaves no differently than other BCCs.[6] Absence of prominent nucleoli and only rare mitotic figures argue against pilomatrical carcinoma in this instance.

**Conclusion**

BCC with matrical differentiation is a distinct pathologic entity and a rare subtype of BCC featuring shadow and matrical cells, typically seen in pilomatrixoma, a benign hair matrix neoplasm. These cases often present a diagnostic challenge due to confusion with pilomatrixoma or pilomatrix carcinoma.

**References**


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